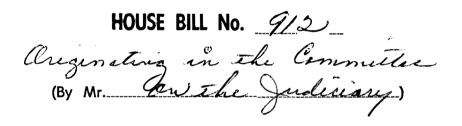
WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1974

ENROLLED







FILED IN THE OFFICE EDGAR F. HEISKELL III SECRETARY OF STATE THIS DATE <u>3-27-74</u>

ENROLLED

H. B. 912

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 9, 1974; in effect in the from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended; to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code; and to amend and reenact sections fourteen and twenty-two, article four of said chapter thirty-one-a, all relating to industrial banks and industrial loan companies generally; providing a short title and provisions relating to rules of construction of this act; the definition of certain terms used herein; applying certain provisions contained in said chapter thirty-one-a, including the penalty provisions contained therein, to the provisions contained in said article seven, chapter thirty-one; establishing the procedures for incorporating and chartering industrial banks and industrial loan companies; providing for the capital stock requirements of such corporations; providing for the voting rights of the holders of such stock; restricting the use of certain words in the corporate name of such corporations; the form and contents of application to organize an industrial bank; the examination and investigation by the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions of any proposed industrial bank and the matters to be considered by such board with respect to such examination and investigation; the powers and duties of said board and the commissioner of banking of West Virginia with respect to said industrial banks and industrial loan companies generally; requiring industrial banks to secure federal deposit insurance and to notify their depositors upon termination of such insurance; 2

the rights of depositors upon the termination of such insurance; the powers of industrial banks and industrial loan companies and the limitation of such powers; the cash reserves required to be maintained by industrial banks and industrial loan companies and the form and nature of such reserves; the supervision and control of industrial loan companies by said commissioner and board and the power of each to regulate other firms. corporations, partnerships or associations owning more than forty percent of the stock of any such industrial loan company; the subrogation rights of the federal deposit insurance corporation in certain instances; annual and special meetings of stockholders of industrial banks and industrial loan companies and providing for the voting rights of such stockholders and quorum requirements at such meetings; providing for the number, duties, qualifications and oath of the directors and officers of industrial banks and industrial loan companies and the manner in which vacancies shall be filled; the bonding requirements for such directors, officers and the managers and employees of of any such industrial bank or industrial loan company and requirements with respect to the defalcation of any such bond; requiring that a list of stockholders be open for inspection at any such industrial bank and industrial loan company; establishing procedures for the declaring and paying of dividends by any such bank or company; the procedures for amending the charter or bylaws of any such bank or company; procedures for the dissolution of industrial loan companies; limiting loans to officers and employees of industrial loan companies in certain cases and providing for penalty for the violation of such provisions; requiring and prohibiting certain advertising practices by such banks or companies; restricting certain statements made by industrial loan companies with respect to the guaranteeing of payment of its evidences or certificates of indebtedness; prohibiting the use of certain symbols, seals, trademarks or devices by industrial loan companies; the rulemaking and regulatory functions of said commissioner and board and the procedures to be followed for the adoption and promulgation of such rules; the collection of certain fees, costs and expenses by the commissioner in certain cases; procedures for hearings by commissioner and board and providing for appeal and judicial review therefrom; and providing for the applicability of this act to certain existing companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections fourteen and twenty-two, article four of said chapter thirty-one-a be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 7. INDUSTRIAL BANKS AND INDUSTRIAL LOAN COM-PANIES.

§31-7-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Industrial Bank and Industrial Loan Company Act."

§31-7-2. Construction of article; general corporation laws applicable.

1 (a) Except as otherwise specified herein the provisions 2 of chapter thirty-one-a of this code, insofar as the same relates 3 to the inspection, examination, supervision, regulation and control of banking institutions, including but not limited 4 5 to all of the penalty provisions contained in said chapter 6 thirty-one-a, shall apply to industrial banks and industrial 7 loan companies organized pursuant to this article to the extent that the provisions of this article and the provisions 8 9 of said chapter thirty-one-a are not inconsistent. To the extent of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this 10 11 article and provisions of chapter thirty-one-a of this code, 12 the provisions of this article shall prevail to the extent of 13 such inconsistencies.

14 (b) The general corporation laws of the state, including the provisions of article one of chapter thirty-one of this code, 15 shall govern industrial loan companies and industrial banks 16 17 and the chartering thereof, except as otherwise provided herein or where inconsistent with the provisions of this article 18 19 or chapter thirty-one-a of this code, and to the extent of such 20 inconsistencies, the provisions of this article and chapter thirty-21 one-a shall prevail.

§31-7-3. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires a
 different meaning, the term:

3 (a) "Board" shall mean the West Virginia board of banking4 and financial institutions;

(b) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of banking" shall
mean the commissioner of banking of West Virginia and shall
also include the department of banking of West Virginia;

8 (c) "Deposit" or "deposits" shall mean the unpaid balance 9 of money or its equivalent received or held by an industrial 10 bank organized pursuant to this article in the usual course of its business and for which it has given or is obligated to 11 12 give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a savings, 13 time or thrift account, or which is evidenced by its certificate of deposit, but shall not include checking accounts or demand 14 deposits or evidences or certificates of indebtedness; 15

16 (d) "Industrial bank" shall mean any corporation formed 17 under the provisions of this article with the approval of the 18 board and which is authorized to receive deposits from the 19 general public, and such corporations are hereby declared to 20 be banking institutions within the meaning of section two, 21 article one, chapter thirty-one-a, subject to the limitations 22 contained in this article; and

(e) "Industrial loan company" shall mean any corporation
formed under the provisions of this article with the approval
of the commissioner of banking of this state and which is
authorized to sell or offer for sale its secured or unsecured
evidences or certificates of indebtedness as hereinafter prescribed, but shall not be authorized to accept deposits.

§31-7-4. Incorporators; name; minimum capital stock; voting rights of classes of stock; common stock to be paid in before business commenced; use of certain words in corporate name prohibited.

(a) In the case of an industrial loan company, any number
 of persons, not fewer than thirteen, citizens of this state, may
 become an industrial loan company on the terms and condi tions and subject to the liabilities prescribed in this article.

5 The name of any industrial loan company formed under this article shall not contain the words "savings" or "savings and 6 7 loan" and shall not be that of any other existing corporation 8 of this state: Provided, That any such corporation heretofore 9 organized which uses the words "savings and loan" as a part 10 of its corporate name shall be authorized to continue to use 11 such words. The capital stock of any such corporation shall 12 not be less than twenty-five thousand dollars, and shall con-13 sist of shares of common stock. The voting power and con-14 trol of the corporation during its life shall be vested in the 15 common stock only if more than one class of stock is to be issued. Such common stock, with which it will commence 16 17 business, shall be paid in before such corporation shall be 18 authorized to engage in business, except such business as is 19 incidental and necessarily preliminary to its organization.

20 (b) In the case of an industrial bank, any number of per-21 sons, not fewer than thirteen, citizens of this state, may become 22 an industrial bank on the terms and conditions and subject to 23 the liabilities prescribed by this article and the provisions of 24 article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code subject to such 25 exceptions contained in this article. The name of any industrial 26 bank formed under the provisions of this subsection (b), section four, shall be, "Industrial Financing Corporation", and 27 28 shall include no other words except a trading area, community, 29 city, county or other local identity approved by the board. The capital stock requirements of any such industrial bank shall be 30 31 the same as those prescribed in subsection (a) and (c) of sec-32 tion three, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code. The 33 voting power and control of any industrial bank shall be vested 34 in the common stock only and such corporations shall issue but 35 one class of stock. Such common stock with which it will commence business shall be paid in before such corporation shall be 36 37 authorized to engage in business as an industrial bank except 38 such business as is incidental and necessarily preliminary to its 39 organization.

§31-7-5. Industrial banks; requirements and procedure for incorporation; agreement of incorporation, issuance of certificate of incorporation.

1 Persons desiring to form an industrial bank shall sign and

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2 acknowledge an agreement of incorporation, as provided in3 article one of this chapter.

4 The incorporators shall file with the board such agreement 5 in duplicate and, when filed with the board, shall be accom-6 panied by the statutory corporation charter fees, and an examination and investigation fee of one thousand dollars payable 7 8 to the board. If, at the time of such filing, the corporation 9 has already qualified and is conducting business as an industrial loan company, then an examination and investigation fee 10 11 of five hundred dollars shall be payable to the board. When 12 transmitting the agreement to the board, the incorporators shall 13 designate by name and give the address of the attorney, agent or other responsible party with whom the board may commu-14 15 nicate, on whom the board may call for further information, and to whom the board may officially report as to action on 16 17 the agreement so filed with him. The agreement shall consti-18 tute and may be considered and treated by the board as an 19 application for the board's approval to incorporate and organ-20 ize an industrial bank in this state.

The provisions of section seven, article four, chapter thirtyone-a of this code shall apply to any application for a charter and the issuance of such charter to any industrial bank.

§31-7-6. Application for authority to organize an industrial bank; contents; forms prescribed by commissioner.

In addition to any of the requirements contained in chapter thirty-one-a of this code, written application for authority to establish an industrial bank shall be filed with the board by an existing industrial loan company or by a newly formed corporation desiring to become an industrial bank and such application shall include:

7 (a) The name, residence and occupation of each incorpora-8 tor and stock subscriber and the amount of stock held or sub-9 scribed for by each, together with a statement under oath of 10 each stock subscriber or stockholder that he subscribes for or 11 holds such stock in good faith in his own right and not as agent or attorney or trustee for any undisclosed person, or, 12 if such agency, attorney relationship or trusteeship exists, then 13 the name, residence and occupation of the beneficial owners 14

15 or prospective holders of such stock shall be included.

16 (b) The proposed name of such industrial bank.

17 (c) The total capital, the number of shares and the par18 value of such shares.

(d) The address where the proposed industrial bank is to belocated.

(e) The names of the persons who are to serve as officers
and directors of the proposed industrial bank and the official
position proposed to be held by each.

(f) Such additional information as may be prescribed by theboard or the commissioner.

Such application shall be made upon forms prescribed and
furnished by the commissioner and the commissioner may
require such information as he deems necessary to properly
consider the merits of such application.

§31-7-7. Examination and investigation of proposed industrial bank by board.

(a) When an agreement of incorporation and an applica tion, fully complying with the requirements of this article, have
 been filed with the board, it shall promptly make or cause to
 be made a careful examination and investigation relative to the
 following:

6 (1) The character, reputation, financial standing and mo-7 tives of the organizers, incorporators and subscribers in or-8 ganizing the proposed industrial bank;

9 (2) The need for the facilities and services which the proposed industrial bank will offer in the community where it is 11 to be located, giving particular consideration to the adequacy 12 of existing banking services and facilities and financial institu-13 tions;

14 (3) The present and future ability of the community to support the proposed industrial bank and all other existing banking
and other financial institution facilities and services in the
community;

18 (4) The character, financial responsibility, banking exper-

19 ience and business qualifications of the proposed officers; and

(5) The character, financial responsibility, business exper-ience and standing of the proposed stockholders and directors.

(b) The board shall approve or disapprove the application,
in the exercise of its reasonable discretion, but shall not approve such application unless it finds:

(1) Public convenience and advantage will be promoted bythe establishment of the proposed industrial bank;

(2) Local conditions assure reasonable promise of successful operation for the proposed industrial bank and other financial institutions and other banking institutions already establish in the community;

31 (3) The proposed capital structure is adequate;

32 (4) The proposed officers and directors have sufficient
33 banking experience, ability, character and standing to assure
34 reasonable promise of successful operation;

(5) The name of the proposed industrial bank is not so
similar as to cause confusion with the name of an existing bank
or other financial institution; and

(6) Provision has been made for suitable banking housequarters in the community specified in the application.

40 (c) In the course of its examination and investigation, the
41 board may call upon the attorney, agent or other responsible
42 person representing the incorporators and upon the incorpora43 tors for additional information and disclosures it deems neces44 sary in taking appropriate action on and making proper dis45 position of the application.

46 (d) If the proposed industrial bank was in existence and 47 was conducting its affairs as an industrial loan company prior 48 to the effective date of this act, and was selling its certificates 49 or evidences of indebtedness to the general public prior to January first, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, the 50 51 board shall not disapprove the application solely for the reasons 52 set forth in subsections (a) (2), (a) (3), (b) (1) and (b) 53 (2) of this section if the proposed industrial bank meets all other requirements. 54

§31-7-8. Requirements for federal deposit insurance; notice to depositors upon termination.

In addition to any other requirements set forth in this article, or which may be set forth in chapter thirty-one-a of this code, any proposed industrial bank shall qualify for federal deposit insurance and be, in fact, insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation prior to engaging in business as an industrial bank and shall maintain such insurance during its corporate existence as an industrial bank.

8 If any industrial bank proposes or intends to terminate its 9 insurance with the federal deposit insurance corporation or if 10 notice of termination by the federal deposit insurance corpora-11 tion has been received by such industrial bank, such industrial 12 bank shall abide by rules and regulations of the federal deposit 13 insurance corporation. §31-7-9. Industrial loan companies; agreement of incorporation;

831-7-9. Industrial loan companies; agreement of incorporation; issuance of certificate of incorporation; recordation; application for and issuance of certificate or license to engage in business.

Persons desiring to form an industrial loan company shall
 sign and acknowledge an agreement of incorporation, as pro vided in article one of this chapter.

4 The agreement shall be delivered to the secretary of state, 5 who, after the agreement has been approved in writing by the 6 commissioner of banking, shall issue to the incorporators his 7 certificate under the great seal of the state as provided in 8 article one of this chapter: Provided, That hereafter no charter 9 shall be issued to any industrial loan company under the pro-10 visions of this article, nor shall any amendment under general law or under the provisions of this article be made to the 11 12 charter of any existing industrial loan company coming within the terms of this article, whether heretofore or hereafter orga-13 14 nized, until the application for such charter or for an amend-15 ment to such already existing charter has been approved in writing by the commissioner of banking. Such charter, when 16 issued, shall be filed and recorded as provided by law for gen-17 18 eral corporations organized under the laws of this state. The 19 provisions of section five, article two, chapter thirty-one-a, in-

sofar as the same relates to financial institutions, other than
banking institutions, shall apply to the application and issuance
of a certificate or license by the Commissioner to an industrial
loan company.

§31-7-10. Powers of industrial banks; limitation of powers.

1 (a) The provisions of sections thirteen and fourteen, article 2 four, chapter thirty-one-a to the contrary notwithstanding, and 3 subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, in 4 addition to the general powers conferred upon corporations by 5 the laws of this state and subject to the restrictions, rules and 6 regulations of the federal deposit insurance corporation and 7 the provisions of chapter sixteen of title twelve of the United 8 States Code, each industrial bank organized pursuant to this 9 article shall have power to exercise by its board of directors or 10 duly authorized officers or agents only those powers conferred upon industrial loan companies under the provisions of section 11 12 eleven of this article and in addition thereto shall have the 13 power to receive deposits from the general public only as long 14 as such deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance 15 corporation, but shall not be depositories of funds from the 16 government of the United States or from any of its agencies or political subdivisions or from the state of West Virginia or 17 18 from any of its agencies or political subdivisions or from any 19 other governmental agency.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section, an industrial bank under the provisions of this article
shall not:

(1) Make any loan under the provisions of this article for a
longer period than two years from the date thereof, except
upon express authorization of the board of directors of such
industrial bank;

(2) Hold at any one time the primary obligation or obligations of any one person, firm or corporation, for more than
ten percent of the amount of the paid-up capital and surplus
of such industrial bank;

(3) Hold at any one time the obligation or obligations ofpersons, firms or corporations purchased from any person,

firm or corporation in excess of twenty percent of the aggre-gate paid-up capital and surplus of such industrial bank;

(4) Make any loan or discount on the security of its own
capital stock unless such security or purchase shall be necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good
faith. Stock so purchased or acquired shall be sold at public
or private sale or otherwise disposed of within ninety days
from the time of its purchase or acquisition;

41 (5) Have deposited with it deposits in an aggregate sum in
42 excess of ten times the aggregate amount of its paid-up capital
43 and surplus;

44 (6) Deposit any of its funds except with a national or state
45 bank doing business in this state or with solvent banking insti46 tutions in other states which are federally insured;

47 (7) Pledge or hypothecate any of its securities or notes 48 owned by it to any of its creditors except in the same manner as 49 other banking institutions are permitted to do so under either 50 the provisions of chapter thirty-one-a of this code, the rules and regulations of the commissioner of banking or the rules and 51 52 regulations of the federal deposit insurance corporation and the 53 provisions of chapter sixteen of title twelve of the United States 54 Code;

55 (8) Pay any fees, bonuses, commissions, rewards, or other 56 consideration to any person, firm or corporation for the privi-57 lege of using any plan of operation, scheme or device for the or-58 ganization or carrying on of business under this article, or the 59 use of any name, trademark or copyright to be so used; nor shall 60 any industrial bank organized under this article enter into any 61 contract for such purpose or purposes, or for the purpose of 62 giving to or vesting in any other corporation any power or 63 authority over the organization or management of such in-64 dustrial bank organized under this article;

65 (9) Pay greater rates of interest on its deposits than are 66 permitted to be paid by other banking institutions;

67 (10) Sell or offer for sale evidences or certificates of indebt-68 ness; or

69 (11) Receive checking accounts or demand deposits.

§31-7-11. Powers of industrial loan companies; limitation of powers.

1 (a) In addition to the general powers conferred upon cor-2 portations by the laws of this state, each industrial loan 3 company shall have power to exercise by its board of directors 4 or duly authorized officers or agents, subject to law, all such 5 powers as shall be necessary to:

6 (1) Lend money to any person, firm or corporation, se-7 cured by the obligation of such person, firm or corporation, 8 or otherwise; and, in addition, to receive and require uniform 9 periodical installments for the repayment of the loan;

10 Sell or offer for sale its secured or unsecured evidences (2) 11 or certificates of indebtedness, and such secured or unsecured 12 evidences or certificates of indebtedness are hereby defined 13 as money for the purpose of taxation, but every such evidence or certificate of indebtedness shall state, on its face, in a 14 clearly visible manner approved by the commissioner, that 15 such evidence or certificate of indebtedness is not federally 16 17 insured:

18 (3) Buy and sell bonds or choses in action of any person,19 firm or corporation;

20 (4) Impose a charge of five cents for each default in the
21 payment of one dollar, or fraction thereof, at the time at
22 which any periodical installment for the repayment of a loan
23 becomes due;

(5) Demand and receive for loans or for notes, bills or
evidences of debt discounted or purchased, such rate of
interest as may be agreed upon by the parties, not exceeding
the lawful rate of interest, and it shall be lawful to receive
such interest in advance;

29 (6) Charge for a loan made pursuant to this section, one 30 dollar for each fifty dollars, or fraction thereof, loaned, for expenses including any examination or investigation of the 31 32 character and circumstances of the borrower, comaker or 33 surety, and the drawing and taking the acknowledgment of necessary papers, or other expenses, incurred in making the 34 loan. No additional charge shall be made except to reimburse 35 36 the corporation for money actually expended for additional service actually rendered the borrower. No charge shall becollected unless a loan shall have been made as the resultof such examination or investigation;

40 (7) Purchase, hold and convey real estate as follows:

(A) Such as shall be necessary for the convenient transaction of its business, including with its office other apartments or offices to rent as a source of income, which investment shall not exceed twenty-five percent of its paid-in
capital stock and surplus;

46 (B) Such as is mortgaged to it in good faith by way of
47 security for loans made by or money due to such industrial
48 loan company;

49 (C) Such as is conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts 50 previously contracted in the course of its dealings;

51 (D) Such is acquired by sale on execution or judgment 52 or decree of any court in its favor.

53 Industrial loan companies shall not purchase, hold or 54 convey any real estate in any other case or for any other purpose whatever. Real estate shall be conveyed only by 55 authority of the board of directors of any such industrial 56 loan company. No real estate acquired in the cases con-57 58 templated in paragraphs (B), (C) and (D) of subdivision (7) shall be held for a longer time than five years, unless such 59 period shall be extended by the commissioner of banking. 60

61 (b) An industrial loan company shall not:

62 (1) Accept or receive deposits;

63 (2) Make any loan under the provisions of this article for
64 a longer period than two years from the date thereof, except
65 upon express authorization of the board of directors of such
66 company;

67 (3) Hold at any one time the primary obligation or
68 obligations of any one person, firm or corporation, for more
69 than ten percent of the amount of the paid-up capital and
70 surplus of such industrial loan company;

71 (4) Hold at any one time the obligation or obligations

of persons, firms or corporations purchased from any person,
firm or corporation in excess of twenty percent of the aggregate paid-up capital and surplus of such industrial loan
company;

76 (5) Make any loan or discount on the security of its own 77 capital stock (controlling and voting stock, if there be more 78 than one class), unless such security or purchase shall be 79 necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted 80 in good faith. Stock so purchased or acquired shall be sold 81 at public or private sale or otherwise disposed of within 82 ninety days from the time of its purchase or acquisition;

(6) Have outstanding at any time its evidences or certificates of indebtedness, in an aggregate sum in excess of
ten times the aggregate amount of its paid-up capital (voting
and controlling stock) and surplus;

87 (7) Deposit any of its funds with any other moneyed
88 corporation unless such corporation has been designated as
89 such depository by a vote of the majority of the board of
90 directors;

91 (8) Pledge or hypothecate any of its securities or notes 92 owned by it to any creditor, except that such companies shall 93 have the power to rediscount or to borrow money from any 94 source in addition to selling its evidences or certificates of in-95 debtedness, but the aggregate amount of such rediscounting and 96 borrowing shall at no time exceed the sum total of the capital, surplus and reserve funds of such company, and the security so 97 98 pledged therefor shall not exceed two times the amount bor-99 rowed and rediscounted;

100 (9) Pay any fees, bonuses, commissions, rewards, or other consideration to any person, firm or corporation for the 101 102 privilege of using any plan of operation, scheme or device for 103 the organization or carrying on of business under this article. or the use of any name, trademark or copyright to be so used; 104 105 nor shall any industrial loan company under this article enter into any contract for such purpose or purposes, or for the pur-106 107 pose of giving to or vesting in any other corporation any power 108 or authority over the organization or management of corpora-109 tions under this article.

§31-7-12. Cash reserves.

1 (a) Every industrial bank organized pursuant to this article 2 shall at all times maintain a cash reserve equal to five percent 3 of its aggregate deposits and for such purpose the regulatory, 4 reporting and penalty provisions of section twenty-two, article 5 four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code shall apply to such 6 reserves as shall the provision of said section twenty-two with 7 respect to the form or nature of such reserves.

8 (b) Every industrial loan company organized pursuant to 9 the provisions of this article, shall at all times maintain a 10 cash reserve equal to five percent of its issued and outstanding 11 evidences or certificates of indebtedness and the commissioner 12 may prescribe by rule or regulation the form or nature of such 13 reserves.

§31-7-13. Supervision and control.

1 (a) Every industrial loan company shall be subject to 2 the inspection, examination, supervision, jurisdiction and control of the commissioner and the board in the same manner 3 4 and to the same extent as is the case of banking institutions organized under the laws of this state under the provisions of 5 6 chapter thirty-one-a of this code insofar as the same are appli-7 cable thereto. Where forty percent or more of the common stock of any industrial loan company is owned or is held in trust 8 9 for the benefit of or by any other single firm, corporation, partnership or association, such other firm, corporation, partnership 10 11 or association shall also be subject to the same jurisdiction and 12 powers of inspection, examination, supervision and control of 13 the commissioner and of the board in the same manner and to 14 the same extent as if such other firm, corporation, partnership 15 or association were an industrial loan company.

16 (b) Every industrial bank shall be subject to the inspection, examination, supervision, jurisdiction and control of the com-17 18 missioner and of the board in the manner provided in chapter 19 thirty-one-a of this code and to the same extent as is the case of other banking institutions organized under the laws of 20 this state and in addition, shall be subject to all of the 21 22 provisions, regulations and requirements of the federal deposit insurance corporation including the right of inspection, exami-23

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nation, supervision and control as may be required by thefederal deposit insurance corporation.

§31-7-14. Branch industrial loan companies or industrial banks forbidden; limited off-premises industrial bank facility permitted; limitation on purchases of industrial bank stock; penalties.

1 (a) No industrial loan company or industrial bank shall:

2 (1) Install or maintain any branch industrial loan com-3 pany or branch industrial bank; or

(2) Engage in business at any place other than at its prin-4 5 cipal office in this state: Provided, That at any time any such industrial bank may operate one and only one off-premises 6 walk-in or drive-in industrial banking facility, on or in con-7 8 junction with or entirely seperate from a parking lot for the 9 customers of such industrial bank, for the purpose of receiving deposits, cashing checks, making change, selling and issuing 10 11 money orders and travelers checks and receiving payments on installment accounts, and for no other purposes, provided such 12 13 off-premises banking facility is located within two thousand feet of the banking house premises of the industrial bank operating 14 15 such off-premises facility measured between the nearest points of the banking house premises and the premises on which such 16 17 off-premises banking facility is located.

18 (b) It shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, trust, syndicate, public 19 20 or private corporation, or any other legal entity, or combina-21 tion of entities acting in concert, to directly or indirectly own, control or hold with power to vote, twenty-five percent or more 22 23 of the voting shares of more than seven industrial banks, or to control in any manner the election of a majority of the 24 25 directors of more than seven industrial banks, and the pro-26 visions of this subsection shall govern and control irrespective 27 of any other provision of this code restricting or limiting the 28 ownership or control of voting shares of industrial banks or the 29 control of the election of directors thereof, whether such other 30 provision was enacted before or after the enactment of this 31 article.

32 (c) Any violation of any provision of this section shall

constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable by applicable
penalties as provided in section fifteen of article eight of
chapter thirty-one-a of this code."

§31-7-15. Subrogation.

- 1 The provisions of section 1821 (g) of chapter sixteen of
- 2 Title twelve of the United States code shall specifically apply
- 3 to and shall be a condition upon each deposit in an industrial
- 4 bank to the same extent as if such provisions were set forth in
- 5 extenso herein.

§31-7-16. Annual and special meetings of stockholders; quorum; annual report; voting; proxies.

1 The stockholders of each industrial loan company shall 2 meet annually in the month of February, a majority of the 3 outstanding voting stock to constitute a quorum; and it shall 4 be the duty of the secretary to prepare and submit to the stockholders a clear and concise statement of the financial 5 6 condition of the corporation as of the close of business on the 7 last day of the year next preceding. At such meeting the stockholders shall elect a board of directors of not less than five nor 8 9 more than twenty-five, a majority of which shall be bona fide residents of the state of West Virginia. Special meetings may be 10 called by order of the board of directors or by request in 11 writing of ten per centum of the stockholders. 12

13 In all elections of directors of the corporation each stockhold-14 er shall have the right to cast one vote for each share of stock owned by him and entitled to vote, and he may cast the same in 15 person or by proxy, for as many persons as there are directors 16 17 to be elected, or he may cumulate such votes and give one can-18 didate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected 19 multiplied by the number of his shares of stock shall equal; or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many 20 candidates and in such manner as he may desire, and the direc-21 22 tors shall not be elected in any other manner, and on any other 23 question to be determined by a vote of shares at any meeting of stockholders each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for 24 each share of stock owned by him and entitled to vote, and he 25 26 may exercise this right in person or by proxy, but if by proxy, in

no instance can it be voted in any meeting other than which itwas first intended.

The provisions of section twenty, article four, chapter thirtyone-a shall govern and control stockholders' meetings of industrial banks.

§31-7-17. Directors; officers.

1 The affairs of every industrial bank and industrial loan 2 company shall be managed by a board of not less than five 3 nor more than twenty-five directors who shall meet at least 4 once each month, a majority of whom shall at all times be 5 bona fide residents of this state, and shall own and hold 6 in his own name at least five hundred dollars par value in 7 unpledged shares of the capital stock or voting stock of such 8 industrial bank or industrial loan company.

9 Immediately upon the adjournment of the stockholders' 10 meeting or as soon thereafter as convenient, the newly elected directors shall meet and every such director elected 11 12 shall take an oath that he will, so far as duty devolves on 13 him, diligently and honestly administer the affairs of such 14 industrial bank or industrial loan company, and will not knowingly and willing violate, or permit to be violated, any of the 15 16 provisions of this article, and that he is the owner in good 17 faith, and in his own right, of at least five hundred dollars 18 par value in shares of the capital stock of such industrial bank 19 or industrial loan company, as required by this section, 20 subscribed by him or standing in his name on the books of such industrial bank or loan company, and that the same are not 21 22 hypothecated or in any way pledged as security for any loan or debt. Such oath, when subscribed by the director making 23 24 it, and certified by the officer before whom it was taken, shall 25 immediately be transmitted to the commissioner of banking, 26 and shall be filed and preserved in his office. Should a director 27 fail to subscribe to the oath herein provided for within sixty days after notice of his election or at any time after qualifying 28 as such, sell or dispose of, or in any manner hypothecate or 29 30 pledge as security for a debt or obligation, such qualifying shares, or any number thereof, necessary for his qualification, 31 or due to death, resignation or inability to serve of any 32

elected director, thereupon the remaining directors shall electanother director in his stead.

35 It shall be the duty of the board at their organization meeting 36 or as soon thereafter as convenient to elect a president who 37 shall be a director, one or more vice-presidents, a secretary 38 or manager, treasurer and such other officers necessary for 39 the conduct of business as may be designated in the bylaws.

§31-7-18. Chief executive and other officers to be bonded; personal liability of directors for manager's defalcation.

1 (a) The directors of every industrial loan company shall 2 require the manager or other chief executive officer appointed 3 by them in lieu of a manager, before he performs or enters up-4 on any duties as such manager or chief executive officer, to 5 give a bond or bonds, with a surety company authorized to 6 transact business in this state as surety thereon, the amount to 7 be fixed by them, but in no case shall the penalty be less than five thousand dollars. Other officers and personnel are to be 8 9 bonded in amounts commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, to be fixed by the board of directors, and all 10 11 bonds are to be approved by the commissioner of banking and a copy filed with his department; and it shall be the duty of 12 the directors, as often as once in every year, to pass upon the 13 14 sufficiency of such bond or bonds, and if insufficient, to re-15 quire without delay new and additional bonds and securities to 16 be given. If the directors shall fail to perform any or all of the requirements of this section, they shall be jointly and severally 17 18 liable to the industrial bank or to the industrial loan company, 19 as the case may be; to the extent of any defalcation of or de-20 ficiency in the funds of such bank or company created or 21 caused by such manager, not in excess of the penalty of his 22 bond, the same to be recovered by such industrial bank or 23 industrial loan company in any court of competent jurisdiction 24 of this state.

(b) The directors, managers, chief executive officers and employees of an industrial bank shall give a bond or bonds as may be required by the provisions of chapter thirty-one-a of this code and the federal deposit insurance corporation. The requirements of said chapter thirty-one-a and the requirements,

19

- rules and regulations of the federal deposit insurance corpor-30
- ation shall apply to any defalcation of any such bond or bonds. 31

§31-7-19. List of stockholders; right of inspection.

The president, manager or treasurer of every industrial bank 1 or of every industrial loan company shall at all times cause to 2 be kept a true and accurate list of the names of stockholders 3 of record, with the amount of stock held by each, which list 4 shall at all times during business hours be open to the inspec-5 tion of any stockholder, or to the inspection of the commis-6 sioner or his duly authorized representative or to the autho-7 rized personnel or representatives of the federal deposit insur-8 9 ance corporation.

§31-7-20. Dividends.

1 The board of directors of any industrial loan company may 2 at any time declare dividends out of the net accrued cash earn-3 ings of the company, payable upon the controlling and voting stock thereof, but no such dividend shall be paid until after 4 5 the payment of all the fixed amounts agreed to be paid upon other classes of stock and the interest upon the evidences or 6 7 certificates of indebtedness of the company. Unearned interest, 8 accrued and uncollected interest shall not be distributed as a 9 part of the profits.

10 Dividends of an industrial bank shall be declared and paid in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-five, article 11 12 four, chapter thirty-one of this code.

§31-7-21. Amendments to bylaws by industrial loan companies.

1 The stockholders at any regular, or special meeting called 2 for that purpose, may amend the bylaws of any industrial loan company organized under the provisions of this article, but 3 4 before they become operative they must be appproved by the

5 commissioner of banking.

§31-7-22. Voluntary dissolution of industrial loan companies.

- 1 Whenever any industrial loan company shall determine by
- its board of directors, with the consent of three fourths of the 2
- holders of its controlling and voting stock, to discontinue its 3
- business and settle its affairs, it shall be lawful for such board 4

5 of directors to file with the commissioner of banking of this 6 state a certificate in writing, signed and acknowledged by such stockholders, expressing such consent, and likewise the certi-7 ficate of the board of directors under the corporate seal, set-8 9 ting forth such intention, and that they thereby surrender to 10 the state their corporate privileges and powers and authority 11 to do business as an industrial loan company. Thereupon such 12 corporation shall be deemed and taken to be dissolved, except 13 for the purpose of distributing its assets and otherwise setting 14 its affairs, as provided in article one of this chapter.

§31-7-23. Loans to officers and employees of industrial loan companies; penalty.

1 No industrial loan company shall make any loan to its 2 president, its vice-president, its manager, or to any of its di-3 rectors, or to any of its clerks, tellers, bookkeepers, agents, ser-4 vants or other persons in its employ, until the proposition to 5 make such loan, stating the amount, terms and security, if 6 any, offered therefor shall have been submitted in writing by 7 the person desiring the same to a meeting of the board of di-8 rectors of such company or of the executive or discount com-9 mittee of such board, if any, and accepted and approved by the vote of a majority of those present constituting a quorum. 10 The president, vice-president, director, manager, clerk, teller, 11 12 bookkeeper, or agent of any industrial loan company who 13 knowingly violates this section, or who aids or abets any offi-14 cer, clerk or agent in any such violation, shall be deemed guilty 15 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 16 not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the 17 county jail not more than one year, or both.

§31-7-24. Advertising requirements and prohibitions.

1 (a) No industrial loan company shall hereafter advertise 2 for the purpose of soliciting the sale or offer for sale of its 3 secured or unsecured evidences or certificates of indebtedness 4 irrespective of the advertising media used unless such adver-5 tisement shall contain a statement that such corporation is not 6 insured by any agency of the federal government and that such 7 evidences or certificates of indebtedness are not insured by any 8 agency of the federal government unless such insurance does 9 in fact exist and, if so, the amount of such insurance shall be
10 stated; nor shall any such advertisement refer to such evi11 dences or certificates of indebtedness as "savings accounts,"
12 "deposits" or "savings deposits" and the use of such terms in
13 any such advertisements is hereby prohibited.

14 The display of the words "NOT FEDERALLY INSURED" 15 in letters at least one third the size of the largest type size used 16 in any display or advertisement, but in no event smaller than 17 twelve point type bold upper case, shall be deemed to be com-18 pliance with this section.

(b) No industrial bank shall advertise itself as a bank nor
shall any of its advertisements, irrespective of the media used,
contain the word or term "bank," "banker," "banking company," "banking association," "bankers association," "savings
bank," or "trust company."

§31-7-25. Restrictions upon statements or advertisements relating to guaranteeing the payment to holders of certificates of indebtedness; use of certain symbols or devices prohibited.

1 (a) No industrial loan company in advertising for the pur-2 pose of soliciting the sale or offer for sale or for any other pur-3 pose related to the sale of its secured or unsecured evidences or 4 certificates of indebtedness or for any other purpose irrespective 5 of the media used or in any statements made in any manner to 6 any prospective purchaser of such evidences or certificates shall 7 state that the payment required by the terms of such evidences 8 or certificates of indebtedness is guaranteed unless such pay-9 ment is so guaranteed by a source or from resources which are 10 independent of and separate from the resources and assets of such company and if so guaranteed the source, terms and con-11 12 ditions of such guarantee shall be stated upon the face of every such evidence or certificate of indebtedness in the manner and 13 14 form prescribed by the commissioner and such source, terms 15 and conditions shall be first approved in writing by the com-16 missioner.

17 (b) No industrial loan company shall use in any of its 18 advertisements, signs, displays, stationery, or documents or 19 in any other manner use any symbol, device, trademark or 20 seal which is alike or deceptively similar to any device, symbol, trademark, or seal of the federal deposit insurance 21 corporation or of any other federal agency or of any other 22 23 corporation authorized to transact business in this state 24 and any such symbol, device, trademark or seal proposed to 25 be adopted or used by any such industrial loan company 26 shall, prior to its adoption or use, be approved in writing 27 by the commissioner.

§31-7-26. Rules and regulations.

The commissioner and the board may, from time to time, 1 2 adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as they deem appropriate to carry into effect the provisions of this 3 4 article in accordance with the provisions of chapter thirtyone-a of this code. All such rules and regulations shall be 5 so adopted and promulgated in the manner prescribed in 6 7 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and the provisions of said 8 chapter twenty-nine-a shall apply to the adoption and promulgation of such rules and regulations as if such provisions 9 10 were set forth in extenso herein.

§31-7-27. Additional powers and duties of the commissioner; fees; powers of the board; appeals and judicial review.

(a) Except as may be inconsistent with the provisions of 1 2 this article, all of the duties, powers and authority imposed upon the commissioner or vested in him by the provisions 3 4 of chapter thirty-one-a of this code shall be applicable with 5 respect to industrial banks and industrial loan companies 6 created pursuant to the provisions of this article and all fees, 7 costs and expenses authorized to be collected by the com-8 missioner by the terms of said chapter thirty-one-a shall 9 apply to and be collected from such industrial banks and industrial loan companies when appropriate. Appeals from 10 11 any orders or actions of the commissioner or judicial review thereof shall be in the same manner as may be prescribed in 12 13 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

(b) Except as may be inconsistent with the provisions of
this article, the board shall have the same general powers and
duties with respect to industrial banks and industrial loan
companies organized and created under the provisions of this

18 article as are contained in chapter thirty-one-a of this code. 19 All provisions for hearing procedures and procedures for 20 judicial review and appeals therefrom as are contained in 21 said articles three and eight, chapter thirty-one-a shall apply 22 to this article to the same extent as if such provisions were 23 set forth in extenso herein.

§31-7-28. Article applicable to existing companies of like nature originally chartered under building and loan association laws.

1 Any corporation now organized, existing and doing any 2 business in this state on a plan which would come within the 3 scope of the regulatory provisions of this article, and which 4 was originally chartered with the approval of the commissioner of banking under the laws of this state providing for the 5 organization of building and loan associations, shall fully 6 7 comply with, and be subject to, all the regulatory provisions 8 hereof and shall be subject to the supervision and control of the commissioner as herein provided; but nothing herein 9 10 shall affect or modify the corporate existence of any such existing corporation, and any such existing corporation shall 11 be authorized and allowed to sell the full amount of its 12 present authorized capital stock on the terms and conditions 13 heretofore approved by the commissioner. 14

§31-7-29. Severability and constitutionality.

If any provisions of this article or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the remainder of this article and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby, and it shall be conclusively presumed that the Legislature would have enacted the remainder of this article without such invalid or unconstitutional provisions.

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§31A-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter, unless the context in which used
- 2 plainly requires a different meaning:

3 (a) The word "action," in the sense of a judicial pro-4 ceeding, means any proceeding in a court of competent juris-5 diction in which rights are adjudicated and determined and 6 shall embrace and include recoupment, counterclaim, setoff 7 and other related, similar and summary proceedings;

8 (b) The words "bank" and "banking institution" mean a 9 corporation heretofore or hereafter chartered to conduct a banking business under the laws of West Virginia or an 10 association heretofore or hereafter authorized to conduct a 11 12 banking business in West Virginia under the laws of the United States and having its principal office in this state and 13 14 shall embrace and include a trust company or an institution 15 combining banking and trust company facilities, functions and 16 services so chartered or authorized to conduct such business in this state, and shall include industrial banks authorized by 17 18 article seven, chapter thirty-one of this code, subject to the limitations therein imposed on such industrial banks and 19 20 further subject to the limitations imposed thereon in this 21 article:

(c) The term "banking business" means the functions,
services and activities contained, detailed and embraced
in sections thirteen and fourteen of article four of this chapter
and as elsewhere defined by law;

26 (d) The word "board" means the West Virginia board of27 banking and financial institutions;

(e) The words "commissioner" or "commissioner of bank-ing" mean the commissioner of banking of West Virginia;

30 (f) The word "community" means a city, town or other
31 incorporated area, or, where not so incorporated, a trading
32 area;

33 (g) The word "department" means the department of34 banking of West Virginia;

(h) The words "deputy commissioner" or "deputy commissioner of banking" mean the deputy commissioner of
banking of West Virginia;

38 (i) The word "fiduciary" means any trustee, agent, execu-39 tor, administrator, curator, committee, guardian or conserva-

40 tor, special commissioner, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy,
41 assignee for creditors, or any holder of a similar position of
42 trust or responsibility;

(j) The words "financial institutions" mean banks, building and loan associations, industrial banks, industrial loan
companies, small loan companies, credit unions and all other
similar institutions, whether persons, firms or corporations,
which are by law under the jurisdiction and supervision of
the commissioner of banking;

49 (k) The word "officer" when referring to any financial 50 institution, means any person designated as such in the bylaws 51 and includes, whether or not so designated, any executive 52 officer, the chairman of the board of directors, the chairman 53 of the executive committee, and any trust officer, assistant 54 vice-president, assistant treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant 55 trust officer, assistant cashier, assistant comptroller, or any 56 other person who performs the duties appropriate to those 57 offices, and the term "executive officer" as herein used, when 58 referring to banking institutions, means an officer of a bank 59 whose duties involve regular, active and substantial participa-60 tion in the daily operations of such institution and who, by virtue of his position, has both a voice in the formulation of 61 62 the policy of the bank and responsibility for implementation 63 of the policy, such responsibility of and functions performed 64 by the individual, and not his title or office, being determina-65 tive of whether he is an "executive officer";

(1) The words "person" or "persons" mean any individual,
partnership, society, association, firm, institution, company,
public or private corporation, state, governmental agency,
bureau, department, division or instrumentality, political subdivision, county court, municipality, trust, syndicate, estate or
any other legal entity whatsoever, formed, created or existing
under the laws of this state or any other jurisdiction;

(m) The words "safe-deposit box" mean a safe-deposit
box, vault or other safe-deposit receptacle maintained by a
lessor bank, and the rules relating thereto apply to property or
documents kept therein in the bank's vault under the joint
control of lessor and lessee;

(n) The words "state bank" or "state banking institution"
mean a bank chartered under the laws of West Virginia, as
distinguished from a national banking association; and

81 (o) The words "trust business" mean the functions, services
82 and activities contained, detailed and embraced in section
83 fourteen of article four of this chapter and as elsewhere de84 fined by law and as may be included within the meaning of
85 the term "banking business".

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

§31A-4-14. Trust powers of banking institutions.

1 Every state banking institution, except industrial banks 2 created and organized pursuant to the provisions of article 3 seven, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, which files the certi-4 ficate required in the following section and which is otherwise 5 authorized to do so, shall have and exercise the following 6 powers:

6 (a) All the powers, rights and privileges of any state bank-7 ing institution;

8 (b) To act as trustee, assignee, special commissioner, general or special receiver, guardian, executor, administrator, 9 committee, agent, curator, or in any other fiduciary capacity, 10 and to take, assume, accept and execute trusts of every de-11 scription not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of 12 the United States of America or of this state; and to receive, 13 hold, manage and apply any sinking fund on the terms and for 14 15 the purposes specified in the instrument creating such fund;

16 (c) To act as registrar, transfer agent or dividend or coupon17 paying agent for any corporation;

(d) To make, hold and dispose of investments and establish
common trust funds, and account therefor, pursuant to the
provisions of chapter forty-four of this code;

(e) To purchase and sell and take charge of and receive the
rents, issues and profits of any real estate for other persons or
corporations;

24 (f) To act as trustee or agent in any collateral trust and in 25 order to secure the payment of any obligations of any person,

26 firm, private corporation, public corporation, public body or 27 public agency to receive and hold in trust any items of personal 28 property (including without limitation notes, bonds, debentures, 29 obligations and certificates for shares of stock) with the right in 30 case of default to sell and dispose of such personal property 31 and to collect, settle and adjust any obligations for the pay-32 ment of money, and at any sale of such personal property held 33 by it, to purchase the same for the benefit of all or any of the 34 holders of the obligations, to secure the payment of which such 35 items of personal property were pledged and delivered to the 36 trustee or agent. Any such sale may be made without any pro-37 ceedings in any court, and at such times and upon such terms 38 as may be specified in the instrument or instruments creating 39 the trust, or, in the absence of any specification of terms, at 40 such time and upon such terms as the trustee shall deem rea-41 sonable; and

42 (g) To do and perform any act or thing requisite or neces-43 sary in, or incidental to, the exercise of the general powers44 herein set forth.

All national banks having their principal offices in this state which have been, or hereafter may be, authorized under the laws of the United States to act as trustee and in other fiduciary capacities in the state of West Virginia shall have all the rights, powers, privileges and immunities conferred hereunder, provided they have a capital of at least one hundred thousand dollars and comply with the requirements hereof.

§31A-4-22. Reserves required of banking institutions; reports; penalties.

1 Each state banking institution, except industrial banks 2 created and organized pursuant to the provisions of article 3 seven, chapter thirty-one of this code shall at all times main-4 tain on hand as a reserve in lawful money of the United 5 States of America an amount equal to at least seven percent 6 of the aggregate of all of its deposits which are subject to 7 withdrawal on demand and three percent of its time deposits. 8 Whenever the commissioner of banking shall determine that 9 the maintenance of sound banking practices or the prevention 10 of injurious credit expansion or contraction makes such 11 action advisable, he may by rule or regulation from time to 12 time change such requirements as to reserves against demand 13 or time deposits, or both, but the reserves so prescribed shall 14 in no event be less than those specified in this section nor 15 more than twice those specified. Whenever such reserve shall fall below that required, the institution shall not thereafter 16 make any new loan or investment until the required reserve 17 18 shall be restored. For the purpose of computing such reserve, 19 all deposits requiring notice of thirty days or more for with-20 drawal and time certificates of deposit and Christmas savings 21 shall be deemed time deposits, and all checking accounts, certified checks, cashier's checks, demand certificates of deposit 22 23 and balances due other banks shall be deemed demand de-24 posits. But in lieu of lawful money on hand, four fifths of 25 such reserve may consist of balances payable on demand 26 from any national or state bank doing business in this state 27 or solvent banking institutions in other states. The reserve 28 balances required herein shall be computed on the basis of 29 average daily net deposit balances and average daily currency 30 and coin during biweekly periods. The required reserve bal-31 ance of each bank shall be computed at the close of business 32 each day based upon its net deposit balances and currency and 33 coin at the opening of business on the same day. The 34 biweekly period shall end at the close of business on days 35 to be fixed by the commissioner in his promulgated rules 36 and regulations. When, however, the reserve computation 37 period ends with a nonbusiness day, or two or more con-38 secutive nonbusiness days, such nonbusiness day or days may, 39 at the option of the banking institution, and whether or not 40 it had a deficiency in reserve balances in such computation period, be included in the next biweekly computation period. 41

42 The commissioner shall, by rule and regulation, require 43 regular reports from such banking institutions, which reports 44 shall be submitted at such times and contain such information 45 as will enable the commissioner to adequately supervise the 46 maintenance of reserves under this section. Penalties for any 47 deficiencies in the required reserves of any banking institution 48 shall be assessed monthly by the commissioner on the basis 49 of average daily deficiencies during each of the computation 50 periods ending in the preceding calendar month. Such

51 penalties shall be assessed at a rate of two percent per annum 52 above the lowest rate applicable to borrowings by member 53 banks from the federal reserve bank of the district in which 54 such deficient institution is located on the first day of the 55 calendar month in which the deficiencies occurred. Such 56 penalties shall be paid by the commissioner into the treasury 57 of the state of West Virginia and credited to the general fund.

58 Compliance on the part of any such banking institution 59 which is a member of the federal reserve system with the 60 reserve requirements of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, 61 shall be full compliance with the provisions hereof. No such 62 member bank shall be required to carry or maintain a reserve 63 other than such as required under terms of the Federal 64 Reserve Act, as amended.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

31

H. Davil Darty

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the House.

Takes effect-ninety days from passage.

Hawaidh

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

SA.

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

this the Hold The within... h. 1974. day of.

Auka Ohm

Governor

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PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR Date 3/21/14Time 10:30 a.m.